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## Spontaneous Aromatization of Diels-Alder Adducts in the Reaction of Alkatrienyl Phosphonates with Alkyl Esters of Acetylencarboxylic Acids

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## Spontaneous Aromatization of Diels-Alder Adducts in the Reaction of Alkatrienyl Phosphonates with Alkyl Esters of Acetylencarboxylic Acids

D.M. Mondeshka<sup>a\*</sup>, Ch.N. Tancheva<sup>a</sup> and H.M. Angelov<sup>b</sup>

The subject of this study was the Diels-Alder reaction involving dial-kyl(3-methylpenta-1,2,4-trienyl) phosphonates <a href="mailto:1a-d">1a-d</a>, dialkyl(5-methyl-hexa-1,3,4-trienyl) phosphonates <a href="mailto:2a-b">2a-b</a>, and dienophiles (esters of acetylencarboxylic acids) <a href="mailto:3a-c">3a-c</a>, at 65-90°C, in chloroform or with no solvent. The reaction between <a href="mailto:1a-d">1a-d</a> and <a href="mailto:3a-b">3a-b</a> led to the benzyl phosphonates <a href="mailto:4a-h">4a-h</a>, while with <a href="mailto:3c">3c</a> it proceeds to a mixture of <a href="mailto:5a-d">5a-d</a> (90%) and <a href="mailto:6a-d">6a-d</a> (10%), which are dialkyl esters of the 3-carboalkoxy (or 2-carboalkoxy)-6-methylbenzyl phosphonic acid. The intermediate Diels-Alder adducts (A) are not even spectroscopically observable, i.e. in the course of the reaction a 1,5-sigmatropic isomerization occurs, accompanied by aromatization of (A). The isomerization is spontaneous: at ambient temperature

 $\frac{1a-d \text{ and } 3a-b}{(R0)_2} \text{ preact slowly and form aromatic compounds:}$  R = Me, Et R = Me, Et R = Me, Et R = Rest R = Me, Et R = Rest R

The phosphonates <u>2a-b</u> and the esters <u>3a-b</u> form a more stable adduct (B), which can be spectroscopically (NMR) observed in the course of the reaction, together with the obtained dialkyl esters of 2-isopropyl-3,4-dicarboalkoxy-phenyl phosphonic acid <u>7a-d</u>. <u>4a-h</u>, <u>5a-d</u>, <u>6a-d</u>, and <u>7a-d</u> were isolated by precrystallization, or by chromatography. Their structures were confirmed by IR, MS and NMR spectra.

The above Diels-Alder reaction is a new original method for the synthesis of benzyl and phenyl phosphonates, which differs from the known methods in that the benzol nucleus is formed during the reaction.

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